How to Honor Elders I Tim. 5:17-25

Elders who work hard deserve to be provided for. 17,18

❖ Their job description, 17a: Rule, manage, direct, 3:4,5, I Thess. 5:12,13

❖Their work compensation, 7b-18: All should be able to teach (3:3), but a sub-group that works hard at preaching/teaching should receive double honor = \$, see 5:3), cf. Deut. 25:4, Lk.10:7, I Cor. 9:9, Gal. 6:6.

Elders who are accused of sin deserve impartial treatment. 19-25

- ❖ Don't quickly believe in an accusation. 19: slander and criticism is to be expected so multiple witnesses are imperative, Deut. 19:15-17.
- ❖ Don't show partiality to anyone. 20,21: See Matt. 18:15-17 for a need for public rebuke if no change. The purpose of public rebuke is always remedial, but stated purpose here = to discourage others from sinning. Partiality is frequently a huge problem, thus a solemn charge against it. How has partiality damaged the church today?
- ❖ Don't hurry to judge one's spirituality. 22,24,25: Being hasty to accept someone for leadership (lay hands, Acts 6:6, 13:3) makes one responsible to some degree for their sins. Determining a leader's spirituality isn't always easy because both sinfulness and spirituality can be less obvious at first; thus the need to be in no hurry to appoint leaders without going through the qualifications back in 3:1ff. plus . . .
- Don't be limited to just water. 23: Question: Why the sudden word about wine, and furthermore, why didn't Paul just heal Timothy? This, of course, is not an endorsement of social drinking, but simply some medicinal advice.

